

RESPONSE 98

Collectively, providing customers with information about prohibited wastes, reviewing proposed waste streams prior to acceptance, training site personnel, inspecting suspicious loads, observing the unloading and disposal at the working face, and conducting random load inspections make up a comprehensive prohibited waste prevention program.

4.2.4 Prohibited Waste Remediation Plan §330.127(5)(E)

In the event that prohibited wastes are received at the facility, the following procedures will be implemented. Remediation procedures for any prohibited waste that has been inadvertently placed in the landfill unit may range from will include:

- Defining the extent of the prohibited waste that has been unloaded and disposed of in the landfill and excavating the waste.
- Loading prohibited waste back onto generator's vehicle or loading waste in an on-site container, tarping, testing, and removing the waste to an approved off-site facility. Containers will be marked appropriately with words for the type of prohibited waste it contains, such as "Hazardous Waste" or "PCBs."
- Implementing appropriate health and safety procedures when handling the prohibited waste.

Remediation procedures for the incident will be documented and included in the SOR within 7 days.

Upon determination that a waste is a prohibited waste and will not be accepted, the LM or designated alternate will make arrangements for returning such waste to the generator and/or coordinating transportation to a facility approved to receive the specific waste in question.

4.3 Other Site Activities

Other site activities may arise that are not discussed in this plan. The LM, or designated alternate, has responsibility for on-the-job training of those activities and ensuring that they are conducted as required by the site permit, TCEQ regulations, or any other local, state, or federal regulation. Some of these activities are briefly discussed below.

4.3.1 Liquids Restrictions

The landfill shall not accept bulk or non-containerized liquid waste for direct disposal unless it is household waste other than septic waste. The restriction of bulk or non-containerized liquids, with the exception of household waste other than septic waste, is intended to control a source of leachate. Liquid waste refers to any waste that is determined to contain free liquids by using USEPA Test Method 9095B-paint filter liquids test. The facility may recirculate leachate or gas condensate waste into active cells with composite liners.